66680 to 66693—Continued.

66682. BERBERIS CANDIDULA C. Schneid.

A charming evergreen of compact growth, with leaves silvery on the underside. (Beckett.)

66683. BERBERIS CONSIMILIS C. Schneid.

A yellow-flowered shrub, of unknown origin, cultivated at the Arnold Arboretum, Jamaica Plain, Mass., since 1904. The spiny-dentate oval-oblong leaves are 2 centimeters long, and the ellipsoid fruits are purple.

66684. BERBERIS GIRALDII Hesse.

A species with large deciduous bronze foliage and compact bunches of scarlet berries. (Beckett.)

66685. BERBERIS HOOKERI Lem.

Var. compacta. A compact dwarf variety with bright evergreen leaves. (Beckett.)

66686. BERBERIS JACOUNII Hort.

A semievergreen, strong-growing barberry, with medium-sized, glaucous, finely serrated leaves and dark-red berries in small clusters. (Beckett.)

66687. BERBERIS MORRISONENSIS Hayata.

A barberry closely resembling Berberis dictyophylla. As described by B. Hayata (Journal of the College of Science, Imperial University, Tokyo, vol. 30, p. 25), it is an erect, densely branched shrub, with 3-parted spines and fascicled leathery oval leaves. Unlike B. dictyophylla, the berries are in fascicles and are more really ranged. nearly round.

For previous introduction see No. 65473.

66688. BERBERIS ORTHOBOTRYS Bienert.

A semievergreen barberry with very large crimson berries. (Beckett.)

For previous introduction see No. 53637. 66689. BERBERIS PARVIFOLIA Sprague.

A low, half-evergreen shrub with small, narrow, usually entire leaves and terra-cotta colored fruits. Native to western China.

For previous introduction see No. 33022.

66690. BERBERIS SD.

Farrer No. 355.

66691. BERBERIS SD.

Forrest No. 20179.

66692. BERRERIS SD.

Forrest No. 20292 66693. BERBERIS SD.

Purdom No. 543.

66694. Brosimum alicastrum Swartz. Moraceae.

From Merida, Yucatan, Mexico. Seeds presented by Julio Rendon. Received February 4, 1926.

Ramón. A large tropical American tree with shining green narrowly elliptic leaves and round yellow fruits about an inch in diameter. The fruit contains a single large seed, known as "bread-nut" in Jamaica; it is roasted and eaten in that country. The leaves are said to be good cattle feed.

For previous introduction see No. 53534.

Or-66695. ORCHIS PAPILIONACEA L. chidaceae.

From Morocco. Bulbs collected by David Fairchild, agricultural explorer, Bureau of Plant Industry. Received September 8, 1925. Numbered January, 1926.

No. 38. Found in a Berber cemetery, near Amismiz, in the Great Atlas Mountains, south of Marrakesh, May 30, 1925. A terrestrial orchid, about 18 inches high, which grows in soil that bakes as hard as a brick before the last of May. This variety produces tubers the size of a pigeon's egg, and attractive red flowers.

For previous introduction see No. 64963.

66696 and 66697. ARTOCARPUS INTEGRA Moraceae. Jackfruit. (Thunb.) L.

From Ceylon. Seeds obtained by David Fair-child and P. H. Dorsett, agricultural explorers, Bureau of Plant Industry, with the Allison V. Armour expedition. Received February 28 and March 4, 1926.

86696. No. 324. Collected near Kandy, January 20, 1926. The "honey jackfruit" or peniwaraka of the Singhalese. The delicate sweet fruit pulp around each seed is excellent eating. It is quite unlike that of the ordinary iackfruit.

66697. No. 361. "Honey jackfruit" or peni-waraka. Seeds from a large fruit obtained from one of the hotel porters.

66698. Colocasia ESCULENTA (L.)Schott. Araceae. Dasheen.

om China. Corms collected by F. A. McClure, agricultural explorer, Bureau of Plant Industry. Received February 18, 1926.

Obtained at Chuk-No. 330. Kau chau oo. Obtained at Chuk-kouen, Lohkongtung, December 27, 1925. A dash-een cultivated to a limited extent in the region of Lohkongtung and elsewhere. This variety, rarely used as an esculent, is commonly dried and sold to drug shops. It is distinguished from the commonly cultivated varieties by having the offshoots closely adhering to the main corm so that a year's growth results in a large irregular mass rather than a num-ber of nearly severed cornels. (Mc(1972) Kau chau oo. ber of nearly severed cormels. (Mc Clure.)